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1. Blockade	to keep ships from entering or leaving American harbors
2. Boston Massacre	This event saw the first deaths of colonists by British soldiers.
3. Boston Tea Party	Event in reaction to the tax on tea when colonists destroyed British tea.
4. Boycott	to refuse to buy items in order to show disapproval
5. Common Sense	Pamphlet written by Thomas Paine in 1776 that encouraged American independence from Great Britain.
6. Continental Army	American troops that fought against Great Britain during the Revolutionary War.
7. Continental Congress	A convention of delegates called together from the 13 colonies which became the governing body during the American Revolution.
8. Declaration of Independence	Document that was approved on July 4, 1776
9. Delegates	People sent with power to represent others
^{10.} Great Awakening	Religious revival in the American colonies.
11. Great Britain	An island which is now known as the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland. It includes England, Scotland, and
	Wales.
12. Grievance	Wales. A complaint
 Grievance Lexington and Concord 	
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23. Preamble	introduction to a formal document that explains why the document was written
24. Privateer	Privately owned merchant ship outfitted with weapons. Goal is to capture enemy merchant ships and cargo.
25. Proclamation of 1763	An official announcement from the British that forbid the American colonists to settle west of the Appalachian Mountains.
26. Propaganda	Information that is designed to influence opinion
27. Quarter	To provide housing to soldiers
28. Ratify	to approve officially
29. Rebellion	Open defiance of authorityrejection of British authority
30. Red Coats	The colonists' term for British soldiers
31. Repeal	to cancel an act or law
32. Revenue	Income money from taxes or other sources
33. Siege	A military operation in which enemy forces surround a town or building, cutting off essential supplies, with the aim of compelling the surrender of those inside.
34. Smuggling	To move goods illegally
35. Sons of Liberty	A secret society that was formed to protect the rights of the colonists and to fight taxation by the British government.
36. Treason	Working against one's own government.
37. Treaty of Paris 1763	Officially ended the French and Indian War and gave the British control over the area west of the 13 colonies to the Mississippi River.
^{38.} Treaty of Paris 1783	Officially ended the Revolutionary War in which Britain acknowledged the independence of the colonies.
^{39.} unalienable rights	Life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness. Rights that can't be taken away.
40. Valley Forge	A location in Pennsylvania; the site of General George Washington's winder
41. Writs of assistance	court document allowing officers to search anywhere for smuggled goods